

Introduction to GIS Theory

Research Computing Services

Sept. 22, 2023

Dennis Milechin, GISP, P.E.

help@scc.bu.edu

Please fill out tutorial evaluation: <http://rcs.bu.edu/eval>

BOSTON
UNIVERSITY

Housekeeping

- **Video recordings of tutorials found here:**
<https://www.bu.edu/tech/support/research/training-consulting/access-training-materials/>
- **Link to Presentation:**
http://rcs.bu.edu/examples/gis/tutorials/gis_theory/intro_to_gis_theory.pdf
- **We will use breakout rooms for discussion**

Outline

- **What is GIS?**
- **Common Spatial Data Models**
- **Spatial Data Storage**
- **Mechanics of Plotting GIS Data**
 1. Datum
 2. Geographic Coordinate System
 3. Projections
- **Spatial Operations**

What is GIS?

- Geographic Information System

“A **geographic information system (GIS)** consists of integrated computer hardware and software that store, manage, analyze, edit, output, and visualize geographic data. Much of this often happens within a spatial database, however, this is not essential to meet the definition of a GIS. In a broader sense, one may consider such a system also to include human users and support staff, procedures and workflows, the body of knowledge of relevant concepts and methods, and institutional organizations.”

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geographic_information_system

Examples Research GIS Software used at BU

Software

- [QGIS](#)
- [ArcGIS Pro](#)
- [ENVI](#)
- Matlab – [Mapping Toolbox](#)

Cloud Services

- [ArcGIS Online](#)
- [Google Earth Engine](#)
- [Microsoft Planetary Computer](#)
- [Pangeo](#)

Programming Languages

- Python - [gdal](#), [geopandas](#), [xarray](#), [rioxarray](#)
- R – [sf](#), [terra](#), [stars](#)

Libraries/Command Line Tools

- [GDAL](#)
- [Geos](#)
- [Proj](#)

Examples Research GIS Software used at BU

Getting Access to GIS Software

ArcGIS and ENVI available through CAS IT

<http://www.bu.edu/casit/information/purchasing-software/>

Access to MatLab - <https://www.mathworks.com/academia/ta-portal/boston-university-40523728.html>

Questions:

1. Introduce yourself
2. What do you plan to do with GIS?
3. Is there a particular tool you currently, or plan, to use?

Upcoming GIS Tutorials

- ArcGIS Pro
 - Thu, Sep 28 11:00am - 1:00pm [ESRI: Make Things Easier by Automating Maps and Data: Using ModelBuilder in ArcGIS Pro](#)
 - Thu, Oct 12 1:00pm - 3:00pm [Introduction to ArcGIS Pro](#)
- ArcGIS Online
 - Thu, Sep 28 2:00pm - 4:00pm [Introduction to ArcGIS Online Portal](#)
 - Tue, Oct 3 1:00pm - 3:00pm [ArcGIS Online: Map Viewer](#)
 - Thu, Oct 5 10:00am - 12:00pm [ESRI: Building and Sharing Mapping Applications: Configurable ArcGIS web tools](#)
- QGIS
 - Tue, Sep 26 1:00pm - 3:00pm [Introduction to QGIS](#)

“Research Software in Action”

- [Monday, October 2, 9:30am – 11:30am](#)
- **Teaching an Undergraduate Urban Cultures Course Using GIS Story Maps**
 - Speaker: **Sarah Frederick**, Director of Undergraduate Studies, Associate Professor of Japanese and Comparative Literature, Convener of Japanese Language Program, College of Arts and Sciences
- **Using Data Dashboards to Communicate Environmental Exposures**
 - Speakers: **Muskaan Khemani**, Research Assistance, School of Public Health and **Kevin Lane**, Assistant Professor, School of Public Health
- **Geospatial processing at scale with Google Earth Engine**
 - Speaker: **Paulo Arevalo**, Research Scientist, Department of Earth and Environment, College of Arts and Sciences
- **The Dask Library for Parallel Computing**
 - Speaker: **Brian Gregor**, Lead Research Computing Applications & Data Analyst, Researching Computing Services, IS&T

GIS Demo

Common GIS Functions

- Read/write spatial data
- Maintain spatial meta data
- Apply transformations for projections
- Apply symbology based on attribute table
- Allow layering of data
- Tools to query/filter data
- Spatial analysis tools
- Exporting tools for printing maps or publish web maps

Find a GIS dataset to evaluate for the tutorial.

<https://www.mass.gov/info-details/massgis-data-layers>

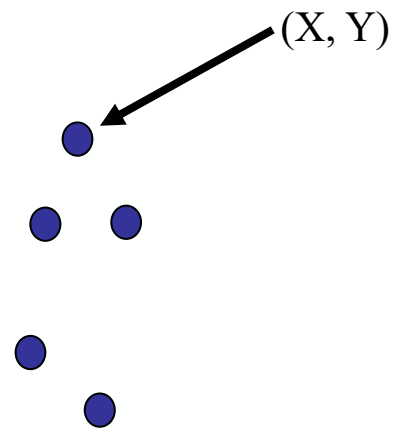
Common Spatial Data Models

Common Spatial Data Models

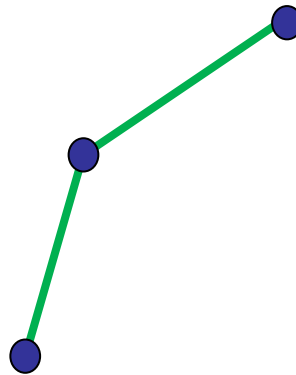
Vector

Raster

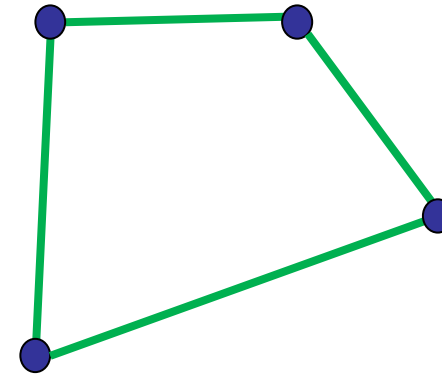
Common Spatial Data Models - Vector



Points

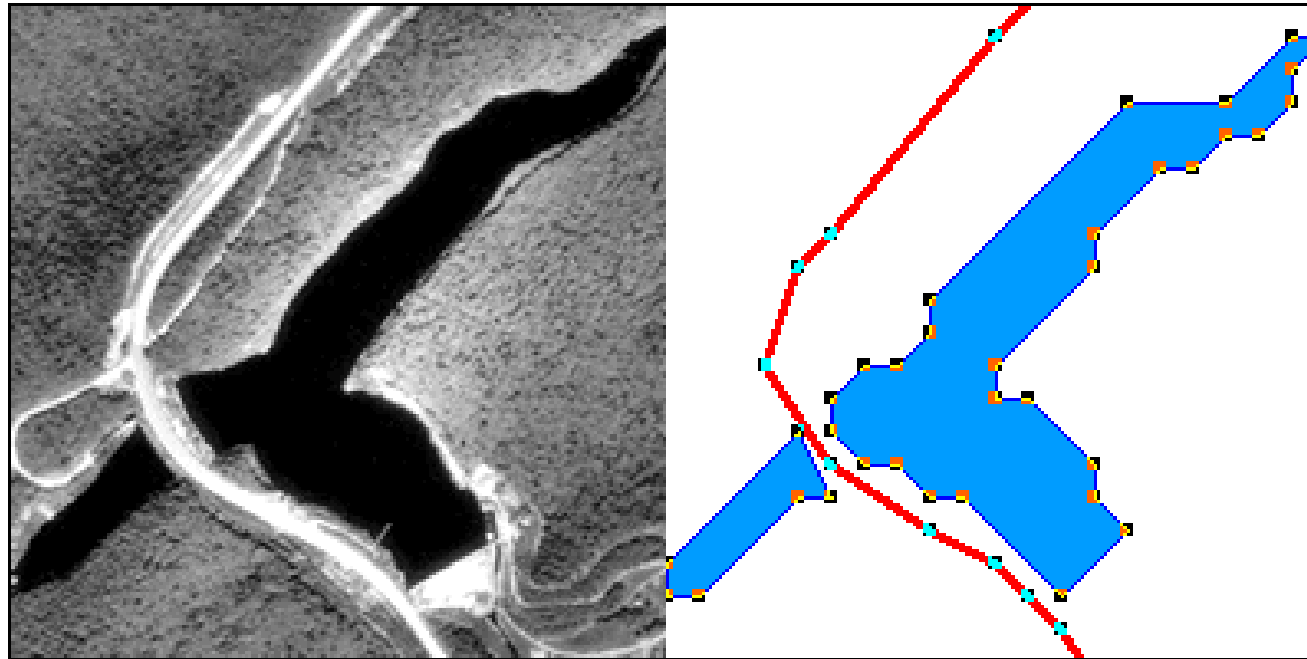


Polylines



Polygon

Common Spatial Data Models - Vector



Common Spatial Data Models - Vector

ArcGIS Pro Demo



Source and Additional Reading:
https://www.e-education.psu.edu/natureofgeoinfo/c1_p9.html

Common Spatial Data Models

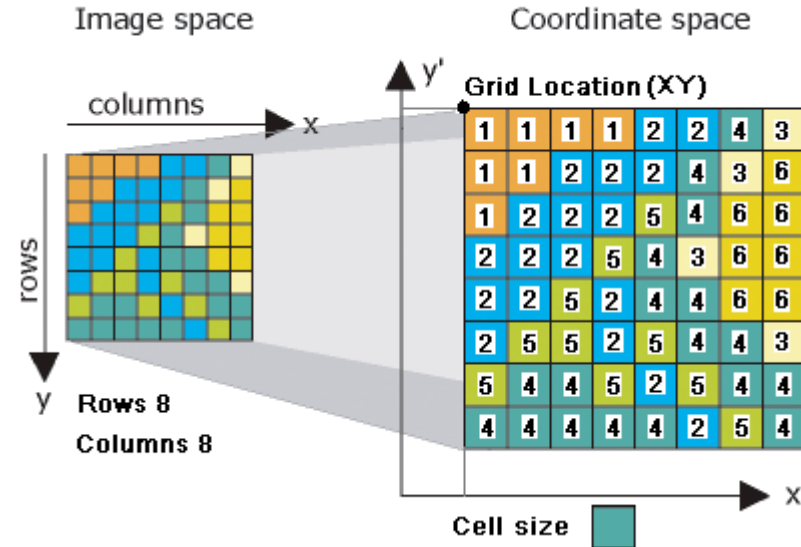
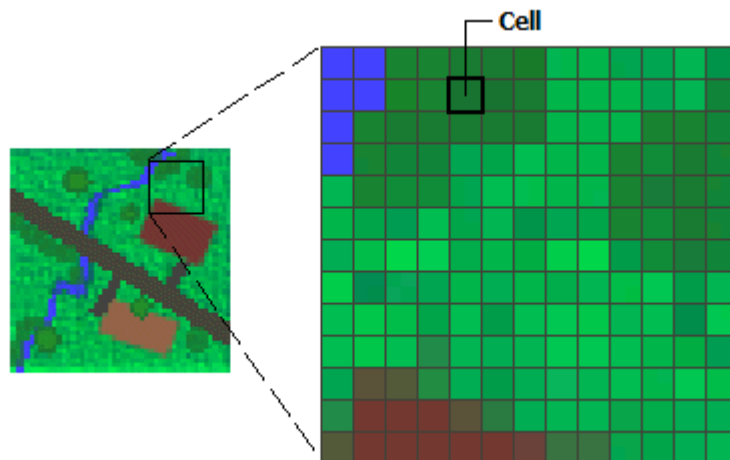
Vector

Raster

Common Spatial Data Models - Raster

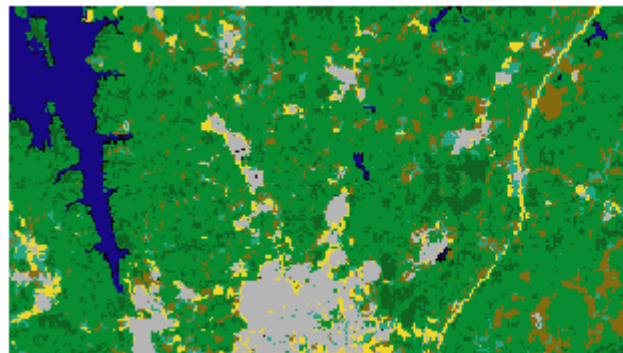
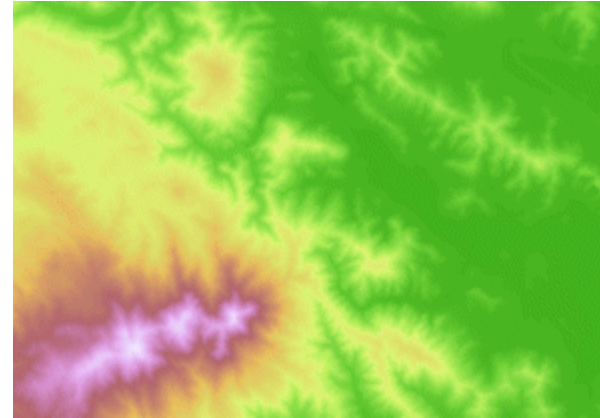
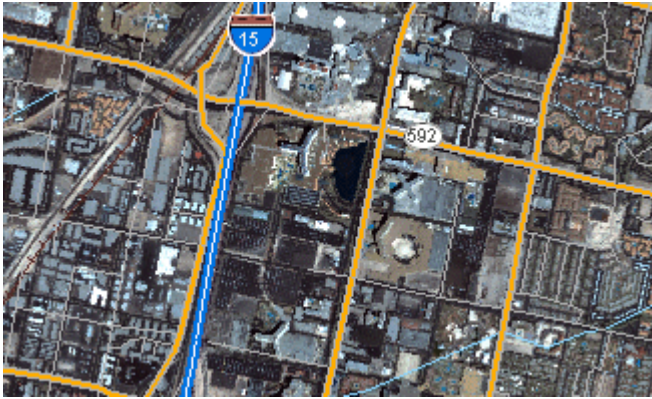
Raster Data

- continuous data
- uniform gridded data



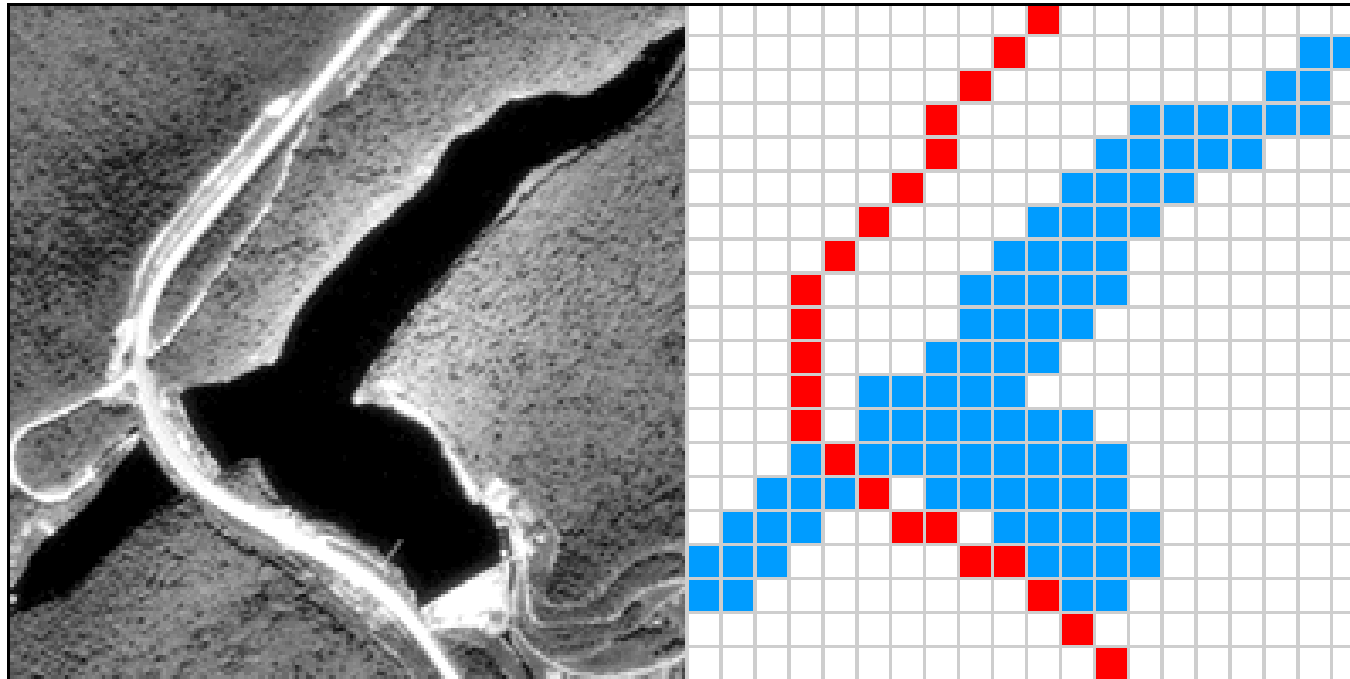
Common Spatial Data Models - Raster

Examples of Raster Data



- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Agriculture | Grass |
| Bare ground | Pine |
| Water | Shadow |
| Deciduous | Urban/Developed |
| Deciduous/
Pine mixed | |

Common Spatial Data Models - Raster



Common Spatial Data Models - Raster

ArcGIS Pro Demo

<https://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/about/projects/cyan/>

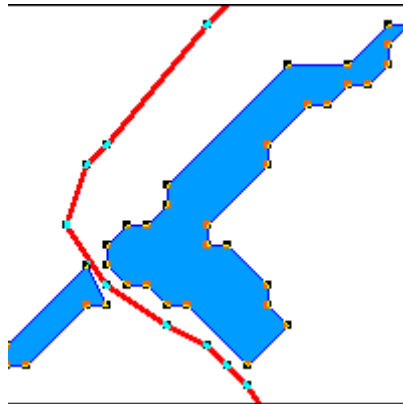


Source and Additional Reading:

https://www.e-education.psu.edu/natureofgeoinfo/c1_p9.html

Common Spatial Data Models - Review

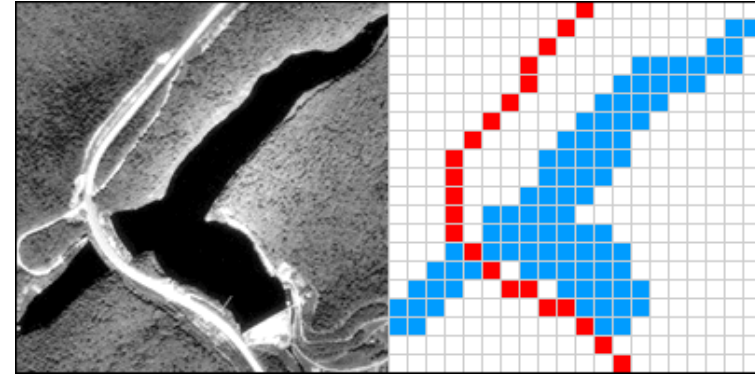
Vector



FID	Shape	LINE	ROUTE	GRADE	SHAPE_LEN
3	Polyline	GREEN	C E	7	1241.873692
131	Polyline	RED	A - Ashmont C - Alew...	7	1312.66639
43	Polyline	ORANGE	Forest Hills to Oak Gro...	1	1342.326405
96	Polyline	SILVER	SL1	3	1346.442934
87	Polyline	SILVER	SL3	3	1395.744687
4	Polyline	GREEN	B C D	7	1466.201312
50	Polyline	GREEN	E - Health Street	2	1595.51673
116	Polyline	GREEN	D - Riverside	1	1618.957543

- Attribute Table
 - Labeling
 - Filtering
 - Symbology
 - Grouping

Raster



- Continuous data
- Color coding by cell, by numeric value

Spatial Data Storage

Spatial Data Storage

How is spatial data stored?

AmigoCloud
 ESRI ArcObjects
 Arc/Info Generate
 Arc/Info Binary Coverage
 Arc/Info E00 (ASCII) Coverage
 Atlas BNA
 AutoCAD DWG
 Carto
 Cloudant
 CouchDB/GeoCouch
 Comma Separated Value (.csv)
 OGC CSW (Catalog Service for the Web)
 DB2 Spatial
 Microstation DGN
 Microstation DGN v8
 DODS/OPeNDAP
 AutoCAD DWG
 AutoCAD DXF
 EDIGEO
 Google Earth Engine Data API
 Elasticsearch: Geographically Encoded
 Objects for Elasticsearch
 ESRIJSON / FeatureService driver
 ESRI File Geodatabase (FileGDB)
 FlatGeobuf
 FMEObjects Gateway
 GeoConcept text export
 GeoJSON

GeoJSONSeq: sequence of GeoJSON features
 Geomedia MDB database
 GeoRSS : Geographically Encoded Objects for RSS feeds
 Geography Markup Language
 Geography Markup Language (GML) driven by application schemas
 GMT ASCII Vectors (.gmt)
 GeoPackage vector
 GPSBabel
 GPS Exchange Format
 GRASS Vector Format
 GPS TrackMaker
 Hydrographic Transfer Format
 IDB
 Idrisi Vector (.VCT)
 "INTERLIS 1" and "INTERLIS 2" drivers
 "INTERLIS 1" and "INTERLIS 2" drivers
 INGRES
 JML: OpenJUMP JML format
 Keyhole Markup Language
 LIBKML Driver (.kml .kmz)
 Dutch Kadaster LV BAG 2.0 Extract
 MapML
 Access MDB databases
 Memory
 MapInfo TAB and MIF/MID
 MongoDB
 MongoDBv3
 Microsoft SQL Server Spatial Database
 MVT: Mapbox Vector Tiles
 MySQL
 ALKIS
 Vector
 NextGIS Web

UK .NTF
 OGC API - Features
 Oracle Spatial
 ODBC RDBMS
 Open Document Spreadsheet
 OGDV Vectors
 OpenAir Special Use Airspace Format
 ESRI File Geodatabase (OpenFileGDB)
 OpenStreetMap XML and PBF
 Geospatial PDF
 Planetary Data Systems TABLE
 PostgreSQL / PostGIS
 PostgreSQL SQL Dump
 ESRI Personal GeoDatabase
 PLScenes (Planet Labs Scenes/Catalog API)
 IHO S-57 (ENC)
 ESRI ArcSDE
 SDTS
 SEG-P1 / UKOOA P1/90
 SEG-Y / SEGY
 Selafin files
 ESRI Shapefile / DBF
 Norwegian SOSI Standard
 SQLite / Spatialite RDBMS
 Tim Newport-Peace's Special Use Airspace
 Format
 Scalable Vector Graphics
 SXF
 U.S. Census TIGER/Line
 TopoJSON driver
 VDV-451/VDV-452/INTREST Data Format
 Czech Cadastral Exchange Data Format
 Virtual Format
 Walk Spatial Data
 WASP .map format
 OGC WFS service
 MS Excel format
 MS Office Open XML spreadsheet
 X-Plane/Flightgear aeronautical data



Spatial Data Storage

How is spatial data stored?

Arc/Info ASCII Grid
 ACE2
 ADRG/ARC Digitized Raster Graphics (.gen/.thf)
 Arc/Info Binary Grid
 AIRSAR Polarimetric Format
 Azavea Raster Grid
 Bathymetry Attributed Grid
 Magellan BLX Topo File Format
 Microsoft Windows Device Independent Bitmap
 Better Portable Graphics
 Maptech/NOAA BSB Nautical Chart Format
 VTP .bt Binary Terrain Format
 Natural Resources Canada's Geoid file format (.byn)
 AutoCAD DWG raster layer
 CALS Type 1
 CEOS Image
 DRDC COASP SAR Processor Raster
 Cloud Optimized GeoTIFF generator
 TerraSAR-X Complex SAR Data Product
 Convair PolGASP data
 CTable2 Datum Grid Shift
 USGS LULC Composite Theme Grid
 DAAS (Airbus DS Intelligence Data As A Service driver)
 DB2 raster
 DirectDraw Surface
 Derived subdatasets driver
 Spot DIMAP
 ELAS DIPEX
 OPeNDAP Grid Client
 First Generation USGS DOQ
 New Labelled USGS DOQ
 Military Elevation Data
 Arc/Info Export E00 GRID
 ECRG Table Of Contents (TOC.xml)

Enhanced Compressed Wavelets (.ecw)
 Google Earth Engine Data API Image
 ESRI .hdr Labelled
 Erdas Imagine Raw
 Earth Resources Laboratory Applications Software
 ENVI .hdr Labelled Raster
 Wavelet compressed images
 ERMapper .ERS
 Envisat Image Product
 Extended Dynamic Range Image File Format
 EOSAT FAST Format
 FIT
 Flexible Image Transport System
 Fuji BAS Scanner Image
 Generic Binary (.hdr labelled)
 Oracle Spatial GeoRaster
 Sandia National Laboratories GSAT File Format
 Graphics Interchange Format
 GMT Compatible netCDF
 GeoPackage raster
 GRASS Raster Format
 GRASS ASCII Grid
 WMO General Regularly-distributed Information in Binary form
 Golden Software Surfer 7 Binary Grid File Format
 Golden Software ASCII Grid File Format
 Golden Software Binary Grid File Format
 GSC Geogrid
 Generic Tagged Arrays
 GeoTIFF File Format
 Grid eXchange File
 Hierarchical Data Format Release 4 (HDF4)
 Hierarchical Data Format Release 5 (HDF5)
 HF2/HFZ heightfield raster
 Erdas Imagine .img
 Image Display and Analysis
 Idrisi Raster Format
 IGN-France height correction ASCII grids
 Raster Map

Intergraph Raster Format
 Vaisala's weather radar software format
 ISCE
 International Service for the Geoid
 USGS Astrogeology ISIS Cube (Version 2)
 USGS Astrogeology ISIS Cube (Version 3)
 Japanese DEM (.mem)
 ERDAS JPEG2000 (.jp2)
 JPEG-2000 (based on Kakadu)
 JPEG2000 driver based on Lurawave library
 JPEG2000 via MrSID SDK
 JPEG2000 driver based on OpenJPEG library
 JPEG JFIF File Format
 Implementation of the JPEG-2000 part 1
 JPEGLS
 JPIP Streaming
 KEA
 KMLSuperoverlay
 KOLOR Raw format
 NOAA Polar Orbiter Level 1b Data Set (AVHRR)
 Erdas 7.x .LAN and .GIS
 FARSITE v.4 LCP Format
 Daylon Leveller Heightfield
 NADCON .los/.las Datum Grid Shift
 OziExplorer .MAP
 Meta Raster Format
 MBTiles
 In Memory Raster
 Vexcel MFF Raster
 Vexcel MFF2 Image
 MrSID/MG4 LiDAR Compression / Point Cloud View files
 Multi-resolution Seamless Image Database
 Meteosat Second Generation
 Meteosat Second Generation (MSG) Native Archive Format (.nat)
 NLAPS Data Format
 NetCDF: Network Common Data Form
 NOAA NGS Geoid Height Grids
 NextGIS Web
 National Imagery Transmission Format
 NTv1 Datum Grid Shift
 NTv2 Datum Grid Shift
 Northwood/Vertical Mapper File Format
 Northwood/Vertical Mapper File Format
 OZF2/OZFX3 raster
 JAXA PALSAR Processed Products
 PCI .aux Labelled Raw Format
 PCI Geomatics Database File

PCRaster raster file format
 Geospatial PDF
 Planetary Data System v3
 NASA Planetary Data System (Version 4)
 PLMosaic (Planet Labs Mosaics API)
 Portable Network Graphics
 Netpbm (.pgm, .ppm)
 PostGIS Raster driver
 PHOTOMOD Raster File
 R Object Data Store
 Rasdaman GDAL driver
 Rasters in SQLite DB
 Rasters in SQLite DB
 RDA (DigitalGlobe Raster Data Access)
 RIEGL Database
 Swedish Grid Maps
 Raster Matrix Format
 ROI_PAC
 Raster Product Format/RPF (a.toc)
 R Raster
 RadarSat 2 XML Product
 Sentinel-1 SAFE XML Product
 CEOS SAR Image
 SAGA GIS Binary Grid File Format
 ESRI ArcSDE Raster
 USGS SDTS DEM
 Sentinel-2 Products
 SGI Image Format
 Scaled Integer Gridded DEM
 Snow Data Assimilation System
 Standard Product Format (ASRP/USRP) (.gen)
 SRTM HGT Format
 Terragen™ Terrain File
 EarthWatch/DigitalGlobe .TIL
 TileDB
 TerraSAR-X Product
 USGS ASCII DEM (and CDED)
 VICAR
 GDAL Virtual Format
 OGC Web Coverage Service
 WEBP
 Web Map Services
 OGC Web Map Tile Service
 X11 Pixmap
 ASCII Gridded XYZ
 ZMap Plus Grid



Spatial Data Storage

General Categories of Data Storage

Type of Storage	Vector Examples	Raster Example
Individual Files	ESRI Shapefile AutoCAD GeoJSON Excel File	Arc/Info ASCII Grid GeoTIFF JPEG2000 netCDF HDF
Multi-Feature/Raster File	GeoPackage File Geodatabase	GeoPackage raster
Database	SpatialLite PostgreSQL ArcGIS Server MySQL	Oracle Spatial GeoRaster PostGIS Raster SQLite ArcGIS Server
Web Map Services	ArcGIS Online Tiles	Google Maps ArcGIS Online OpenStreetMap Bing Maps

Question:

1. Is your data Raster or Vector (point, polyline, polygon)?
2. What file type is used to store your data?
3. Does the description mention any quality limitations of your data? (Raster cell size, vector resolution, how it was collected)

Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

1. Datum
2. Geographic Coordinate System
3. Coordinates
4. Projection

Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

1. Datum
2. Geographic Coordinate System
3. Projection

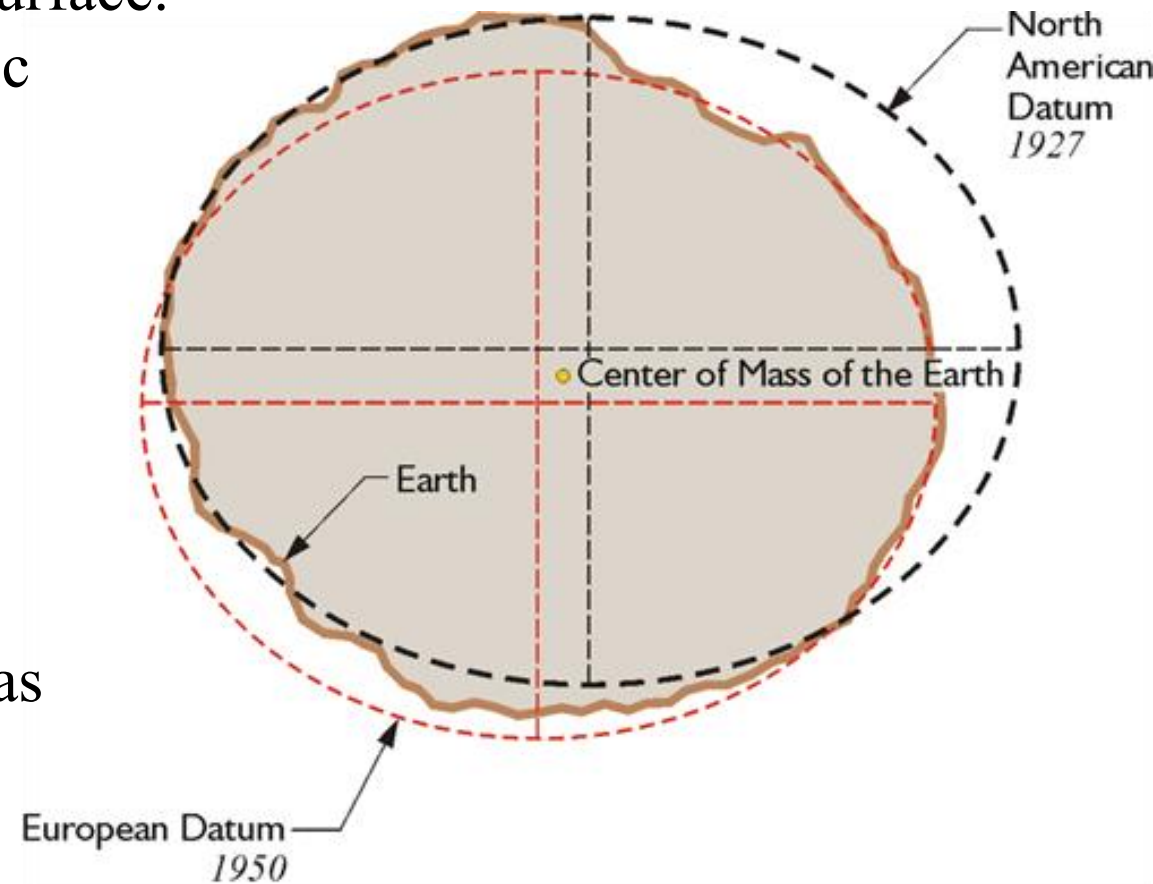
1. Datum

Datums are a models that approximates the earth's surface. Some datums are designed to be accurate for specific areas on the globe.

Examples:

- Australian Geodetic Datum 1984
- North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)
- North American Datum 1927 (NAD27)

Note: There are datums for referencing depth, such as North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88)



Source: <https://www.e-education.psu.edu/geog862/book/export/html/1669>

Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

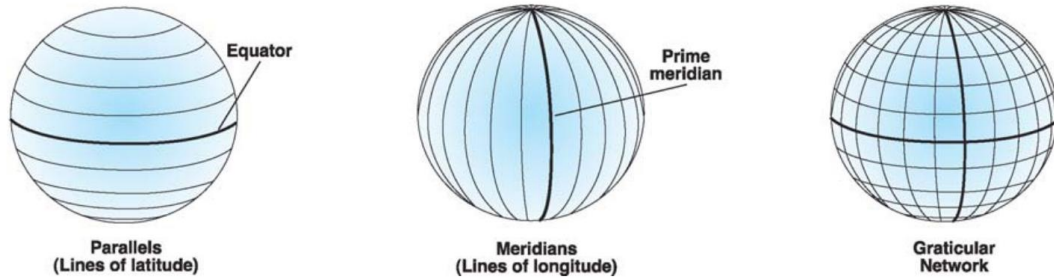
1. Datum
- 2. Geographic Coordinate System**
3. Projection

2. Geographic Coordinate System

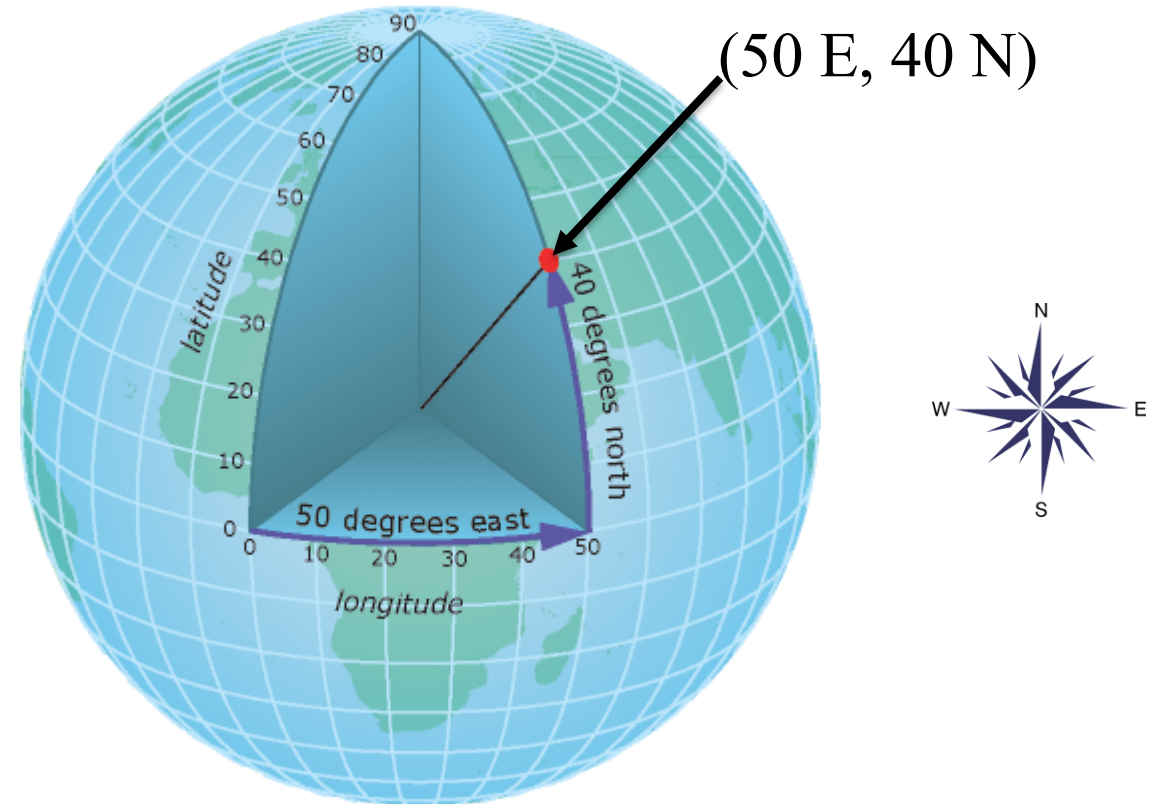
What are Geodetic Datums?



2. Geographic Coordinate System



Source: <http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/10.3/guide-books/map-projections/about-geographic-coordinate-systems.htm>



Source: <http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/10.3/guide-books/map-projections/geographic-coordinate-system.htm>

Defined by a math model.

2. Geographic Coordinate System

Decimal places and accuracy of position.

decimal places	decimal degrees	DMS	Object that can be <i>unambiguously</i> recognized at this scale
0	1.0	1° 00' 0"	country or large region
1	0.1	0° 06' 0"	large city or district
2	0.01	0° 00' 36"	town or village
3	0.001	0° 00' 3.6"	neighborhood, street
4	0.0001	0° 00' 0.36"	individual street, land parcel
5	0.00001	0° 00' 0.036"	individual trees, door entrance
6	0.000001	0° 00' 0.0036"	individual humans
7	0.0000001	0° 00' 0.00036"	practical limit of commercial surveying
8	0.00000001	0° 00' 0.000036"	specialized surveying (e.g. tectonic plate mapping)

At 38 degrees North latitude

- One degree of **latitude** equals approximately 69 miles.
- One-degree of **longitude** equals 54.6 miles

Source: <https://www.usgs.gov/faqs/how-much-distance-does-a-degree-minute-and-second-cover-your-maps>

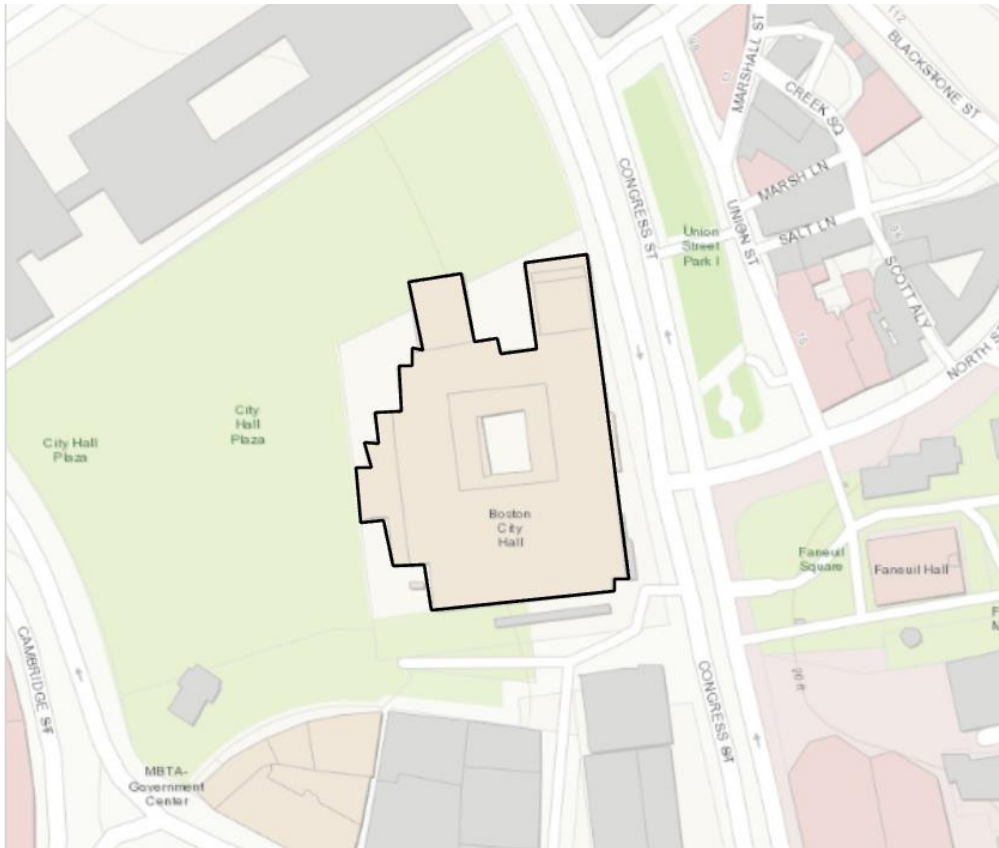


Additional Reading:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Decimal_degrees

Geographic Coordinate System and Coordinates

NAD 1927



NAD 1983



Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

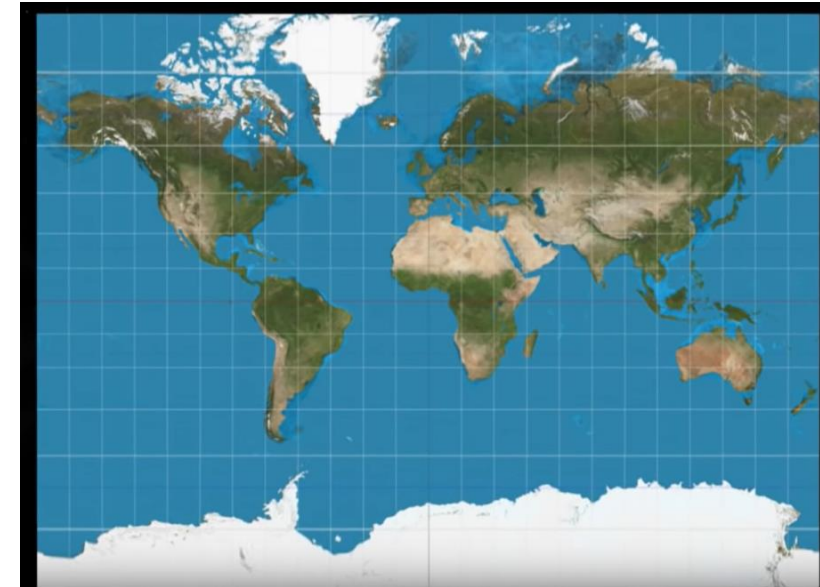
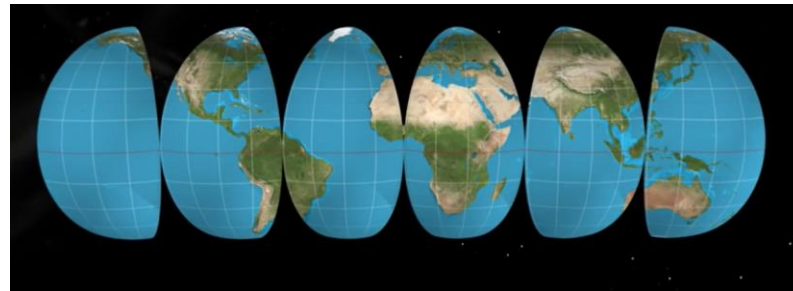
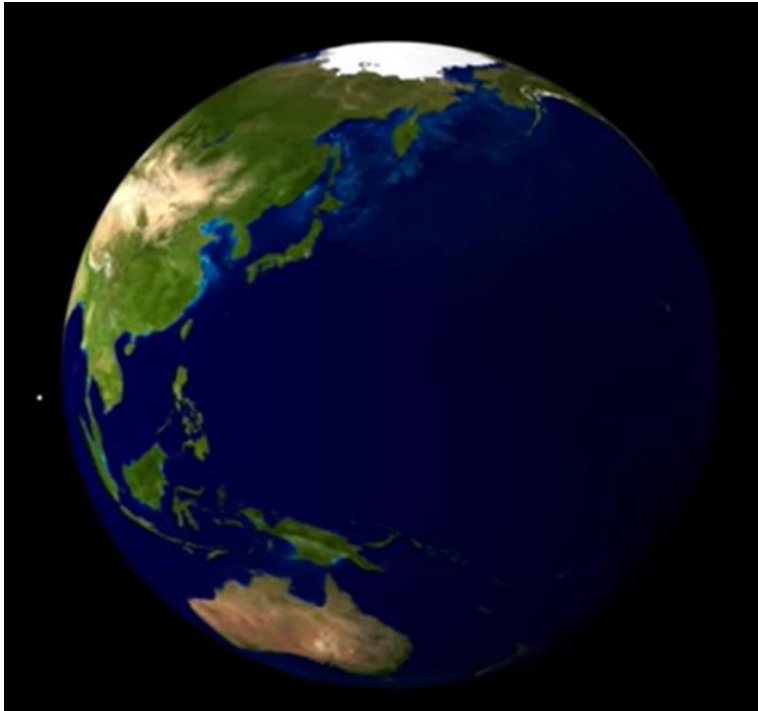
1. Datum
2. Geographic Coordinate System
- 3. Projection**

3. Projections

Why all world maps are wrong?



3. Projections



Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CPQZ7NcQ6YQ>

Additional Reading:

<https://laughingsquid.com/world-mercator-projection-map-country-size/>

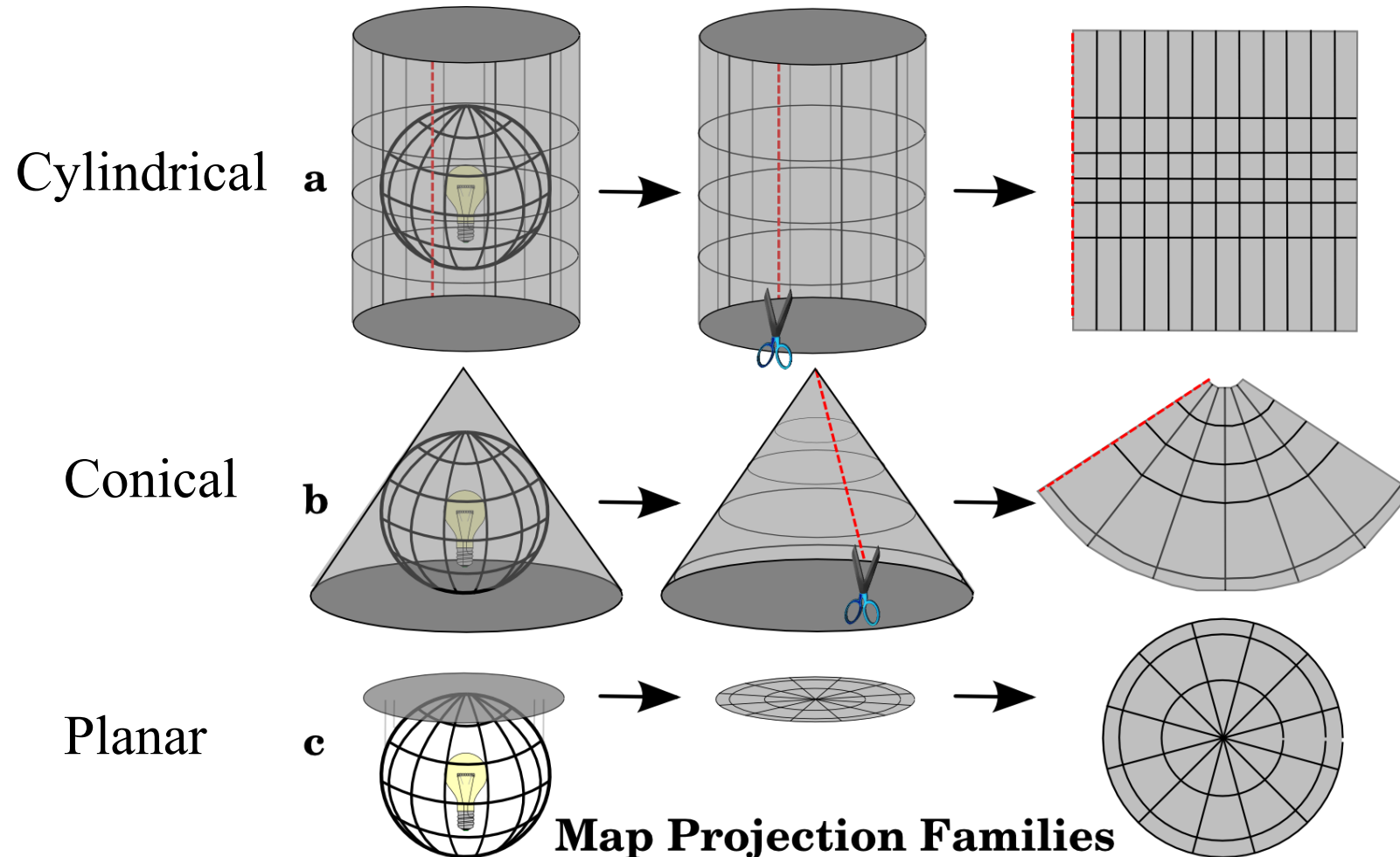
3. Projections

- Allow creation of flat maps.
- At expense of distorting:
 - Shape
 - Area
 - Direction
 - Distance

*** NOTE: Many GIS software require projected data for spatial analysis. The distortions will be incorporated into the result.**

- Coordinates are typically in feet, or meters, and positive values
 - e.g (114564 ft, 53746 ft)

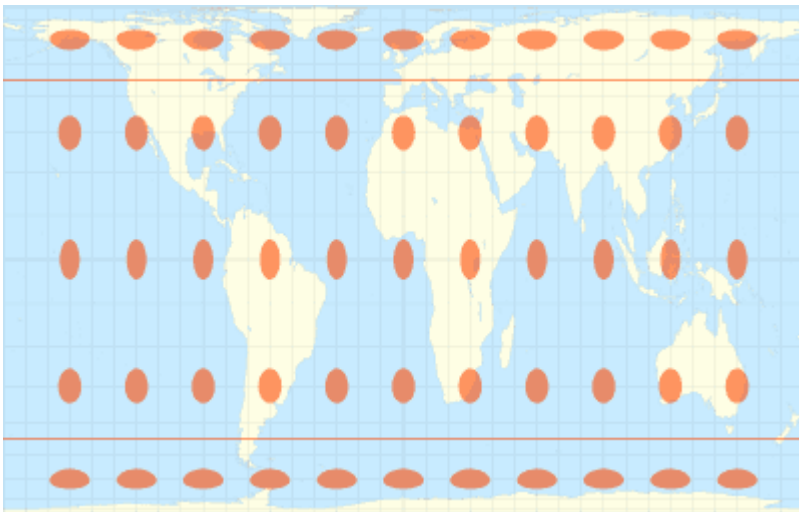
3. Projections



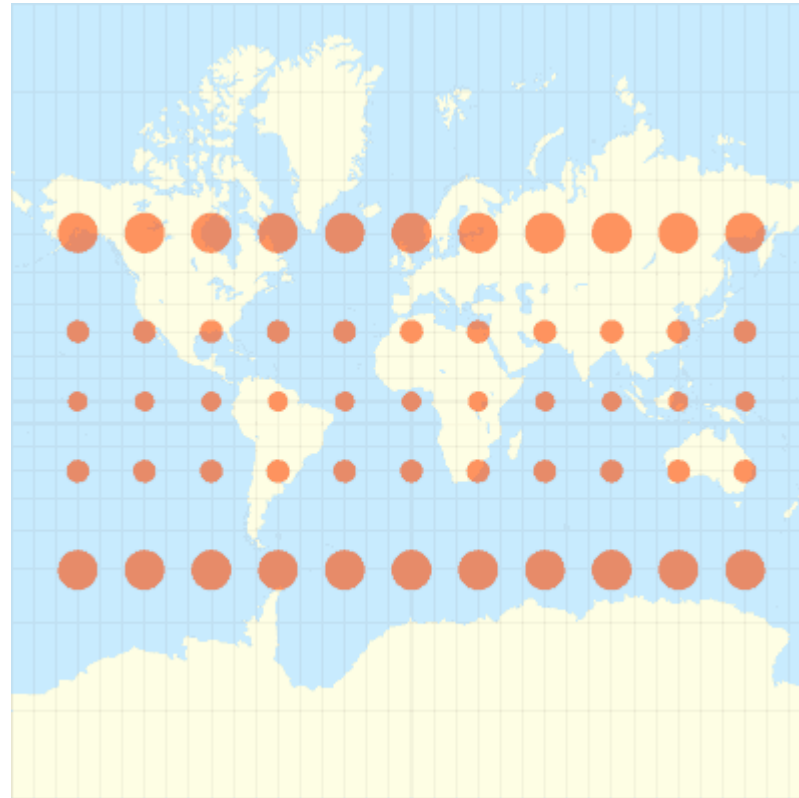
3. Projections

Tissot's Indicatrix

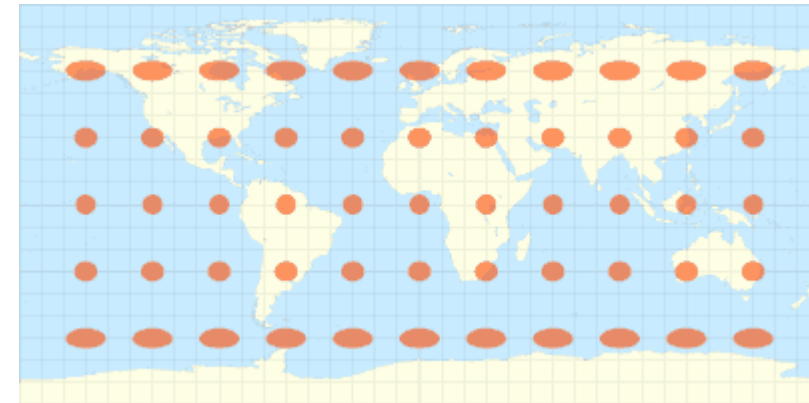
Equal Area



Conformal



Equidistant



3. Projections

Projection Definition Lookup reference starting point

- https://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/latest/map/projections/pdf/projected_coordinate_systems.pdf

Others Web Sources

- <https://spatialreference.org/ref/epsg/>
- <https://epsg.io/?q=>

Question:

1. Which spatial property is important for you to preserve for your project?

- Shape
- Area
- Direction
- Distance

2. What projection might you use for your area of interest?

https://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/latest/map/projections/pdf/projected_coordinate_systems.pdf

3. Projections

Types of Projection Definitions

- EPSG
- Well Known Text as HTML
- Human-Readable OGC WKT
- Proj (formerly proj4)
- OGC WKT
- JSON
- GML
- ESRI WKT
- .PRJ File
- USGS
- MapServer Mapfile | Python
- Mapnik XML | Python
- GeoServer
- PostGIS spatial_ref_sys INSERT statement
- Proj4js format

3. Projections

Sample Projection Definitions for NAD83 / Massachusetts Mainland (ftUS)

Definition Type	Example
EPSG	2249
Proj4	+proj=lcc +lat_1=42.68333333333333 +lat_2=41.71666666666667 +lat_0=41 +lon_0=-71.5 +x_0=200000.0001016002 +y_0=750000 +ellps=GRS80 +datum=NAD83 +to_meter=0.3048006096012192 +no_defs
.prj	PROJCS["NAD83 / Massachusetts Mainland (ftUS)",GEOGCS["GCS_North_American_1983",DATUM["D_North_American_1983",S PHEROID["GRS_1980",6378137,298.257222101]],PRIMEM["Greenwich",0],UNIT["De gree",0.017453292519943295]],PROJECTION["Lambert_Conformal_Conic"],PARAME TER["standard_parallel_1",42.68333333333333],PARAMETER["standard_parallel_2", 41.71666666666667],PARAMETER["latitude_of_origin",41],PARAMETER["central_me ridian",- 71.5],PARAMETER["false_easting",656166.667],PARAMETER["false_northing",24606 25],UNIT["Foot_US",0.30480060960121924]]

3. Projections

Sample Projection Definitions for **NAD83 / Massachusetts Mainland (ftUS)**

Definition Type	Example
Well Known Text (WKT)	<pre> PROJCS["NAD83 / Massachusetts Mainland (ftUS)", GEOGCS["NAD83", DATUM["North_American_Datum_1983", SPHEROID["GRS 1980",6378137,298.257222101, AUTHORITY["EPSG","7019"]], AUTHORITY["EPSG","6269"]], PRIMEM["Greenwich",0, AUTHORITY["EPSG","8901"]], UNIT["degree",0.01745329251994328, AUTHORITY["EPSG","9122"]], AUTHORITY["EPSG","4269"]], UNIT["US survey foot",0.3048006096012192, AUTHORITY["EPSG","9003"]], PROJECTION["Lambert_Conformal_Conic_2SP"], PARAMETER["standard_parallel_1",42.68333333333333], PARAMETER["standard_parallel_2",41.71666666666667], PARAMETER["latitude_of_origin",41], PARAMETER["central_meridian",-71.5], PARAMETER["false_easting",656166.667], PARAMETER["false_northing",2460625], AUTHORITY["EPSG","2249"], AXIS["X",EAST], AXIS["Y",NORTH]] </pre>

3. Projections

Additional Reading

- <http://geokov.com/education/map-projection.aspx>
- <https://www.axismaps.com/guide/general/map-projections/>
- <https://alastaira.wordpress.com/2011/01/23/the-google-maps-bing-maps-spherical-mercator-projection/>
- <http://bl.ocks.org/syntagmatic/raw/ba569633d51ebec6ec6e/>

Projected Coordinate Systems supported by ArcGIS Pro

- https://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/latest/map/projections/pdf/projected_coordinate_systems.pdf

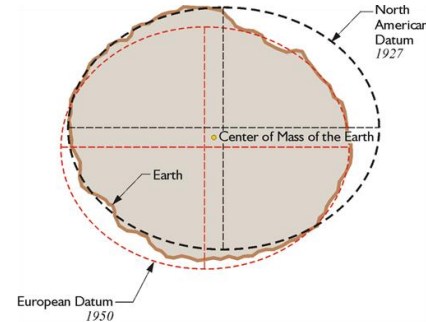
Projection Definition Lookup reference

- <https://spatialreference.org/ref/epsg/>

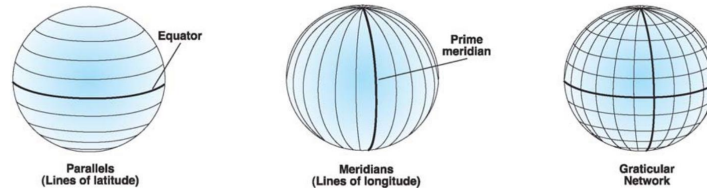
<https://epsg.io/?q=>

Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data (Review)

1. Datum



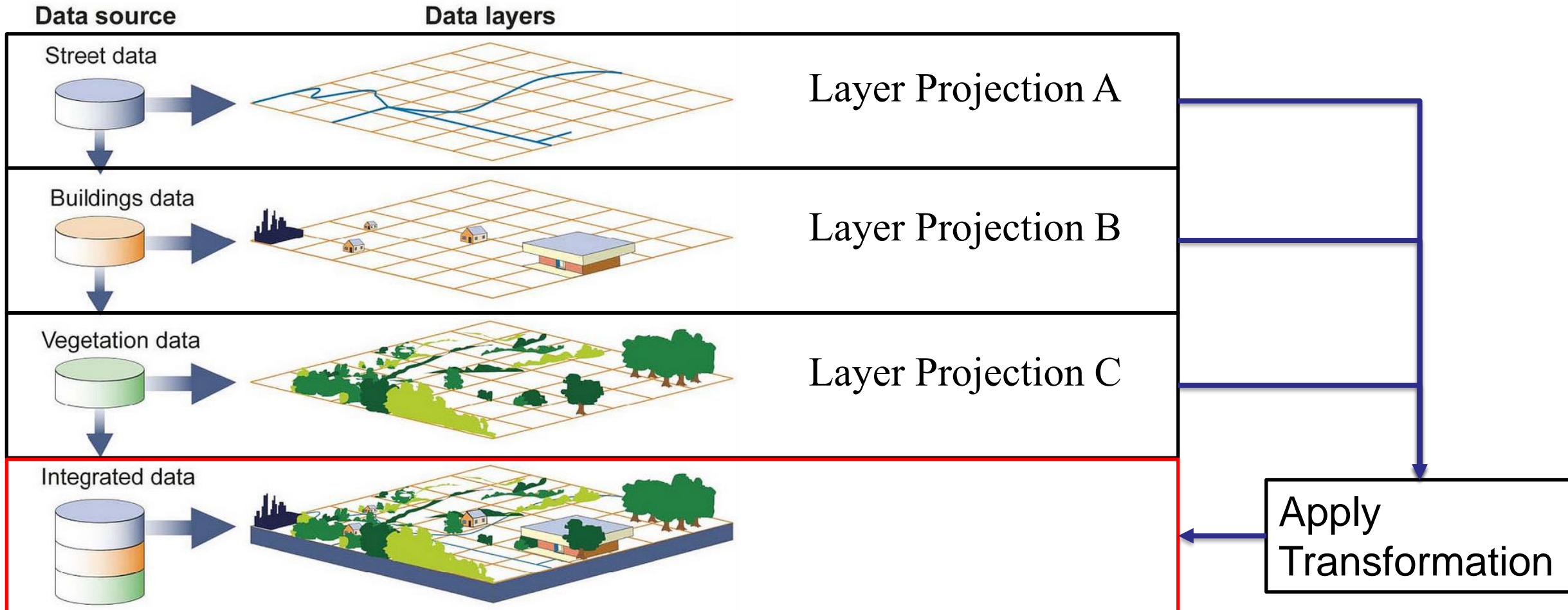
2. Geographic Coordinate System



3. Projection



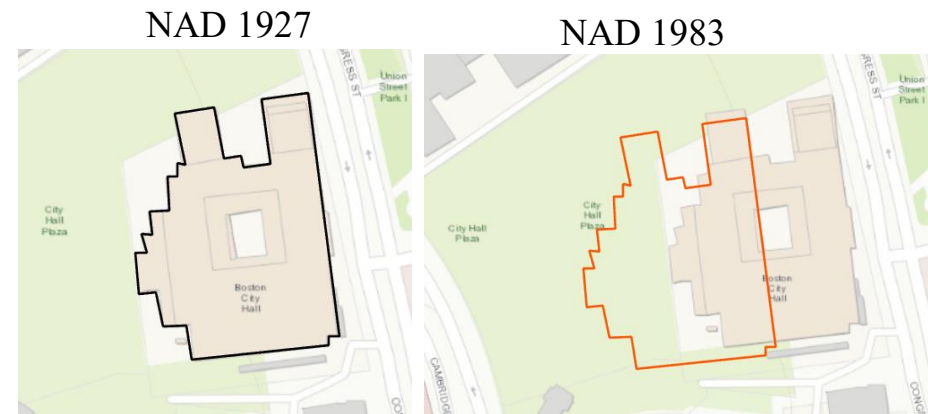
Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data



Mechanics for Plotting GIS Data

Many GIS packages takes care of the math. Phew!

- What datum/geographic coordinate system/projection do I choose?
 - Institutions or Organization may select a datum/coordinate system.
 - Choose one that minimizes distortion characteristics important for your analysis.
- When to select/change geographic coordinate system or projections in GIS?
 - Importing raw data into GIS
 - Georeferencing images or old maps.
 - Importing CSV files
 - Spatial processing of two layers.
 - Some GIS tools expect projected data.



Question:

1. Does your GIS data have a Coordinate Reference System defined? What is it? Is it geographic or projected?
2. What are the units of the coordinates? (e.g. degrees, feet, meters.)

For MassGIS data check out:

<https://www.mass.gov/info-details/overview-of-massgis-data>

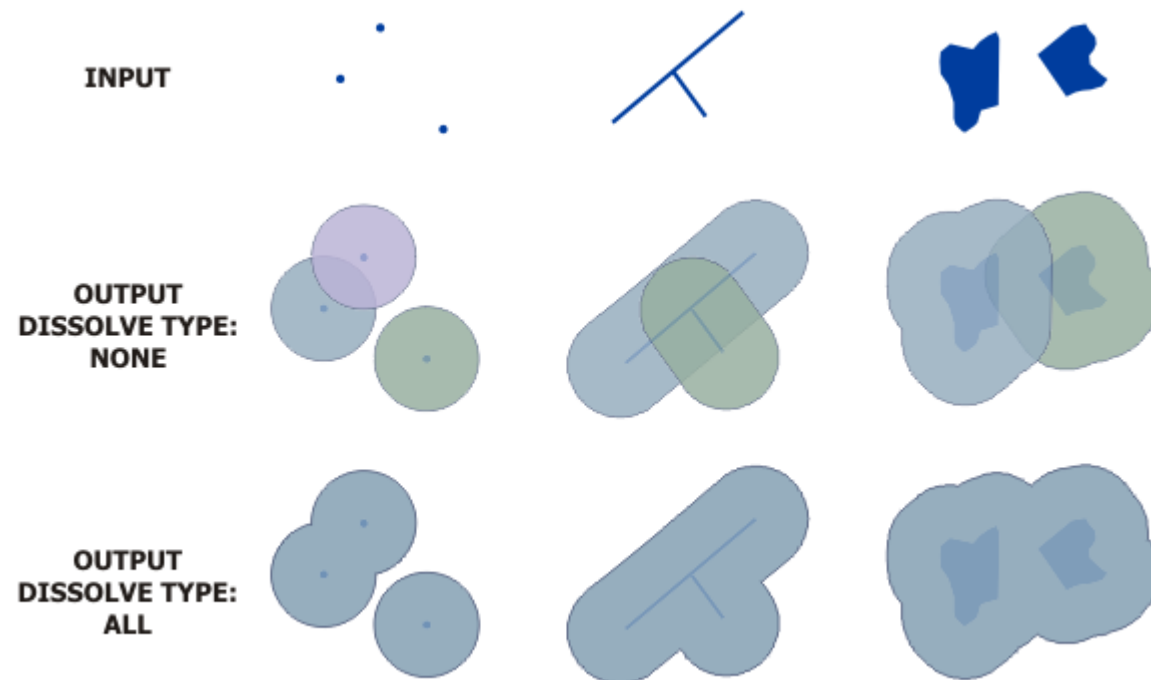
Spatial Operations

Spatial Operations

- Common Spatial Operations with Vector Data
 - Buffer
 - Clip
 - Union
 - Intersect
 - Erase
 - Dissolve
 - Spatial Join
 - Point Distance

Data Layers / Thematic Data

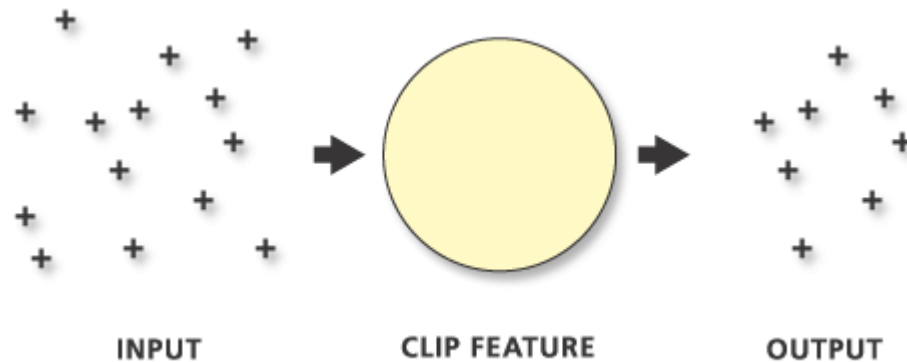
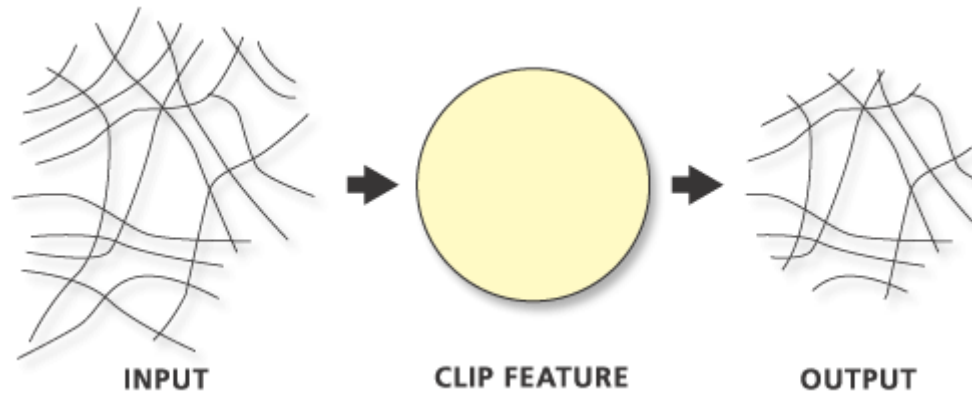
BUFFER



Data Layers / Thematic Data

- Common Vector Overlay Operations

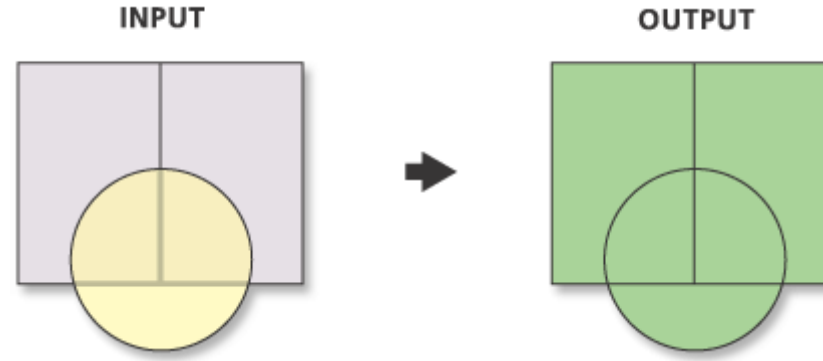
CLIP



Data Layers / Thematic Data

- Common Vector Overlay Operations

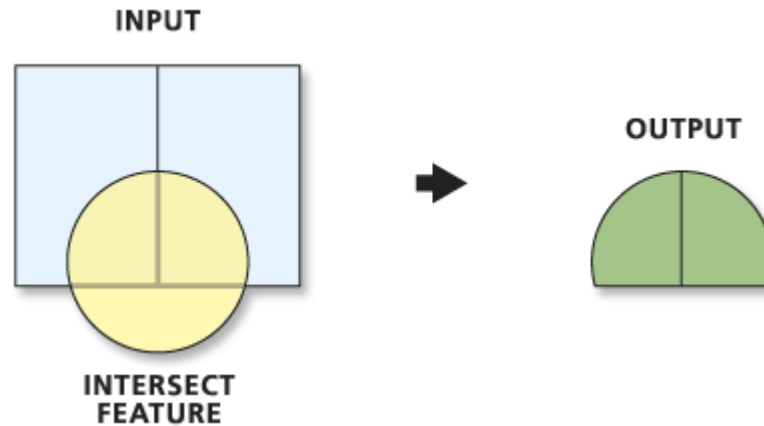
UNION



Data Layers / Thematic Data

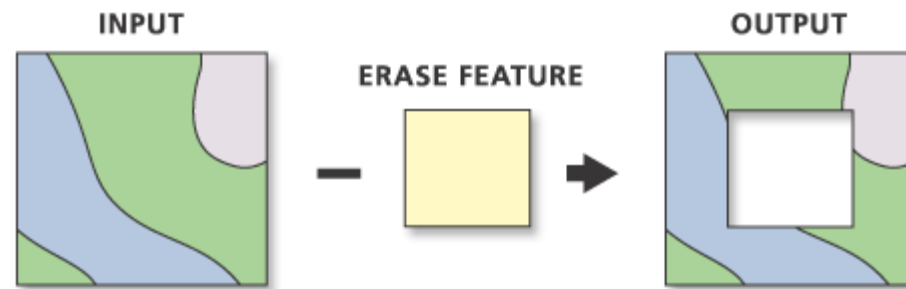
- Common Vector Overlay Operations

INTERSECT



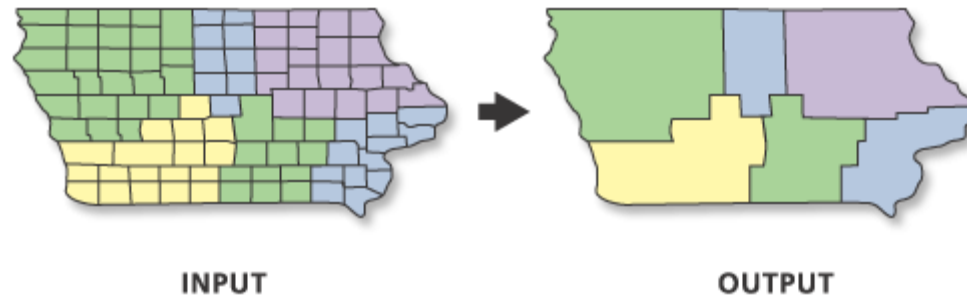
Data Layers / Thematic Data

ERASE



Data Layers / Thematic Data

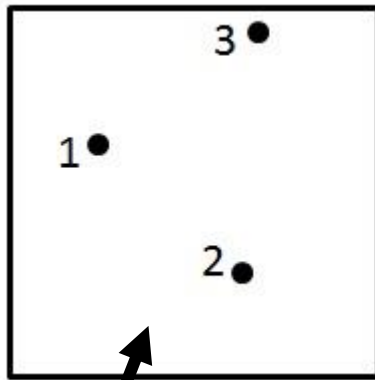
DISSOLVE



Data Layers / Thematic Data

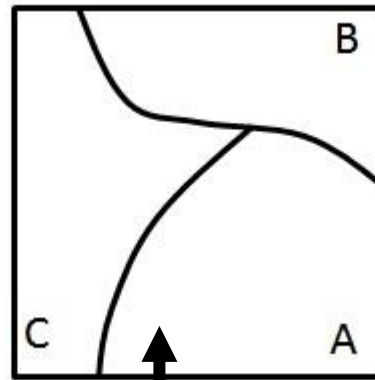
SPATIAL
JOIN

Input: Points



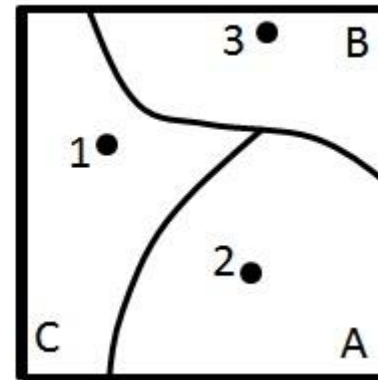
POINT	Tree
1	OAK
2	MAPLE
3	PINE

Input: Polygons



POLY	Town
A	Boston
B	Worcester
C	Springfield

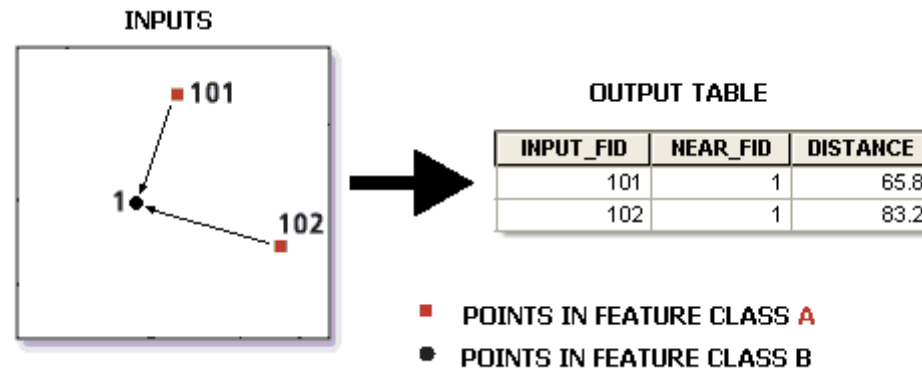
Output



POINT	Tree	POLY	Town
1	OAK	C	Springfield
2	MAPLE	A	Boston
3	PINE	B	Worcester

Data Layers / Thematic Data

POINT DISTANCE

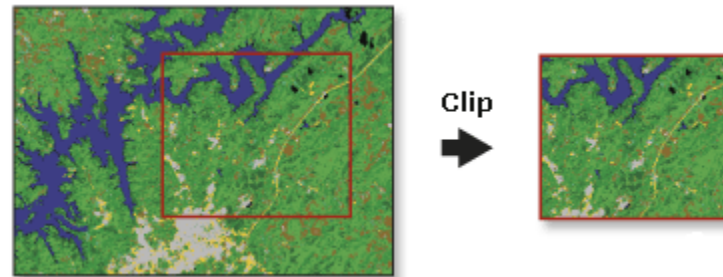


Spatial Operations

- Common Spatial Operations with Raster Data
 - Clip
 - Mosaic
 - Resample
 - Map Algebra/Raster Math

Data Layers / Thematic Data

CLIP



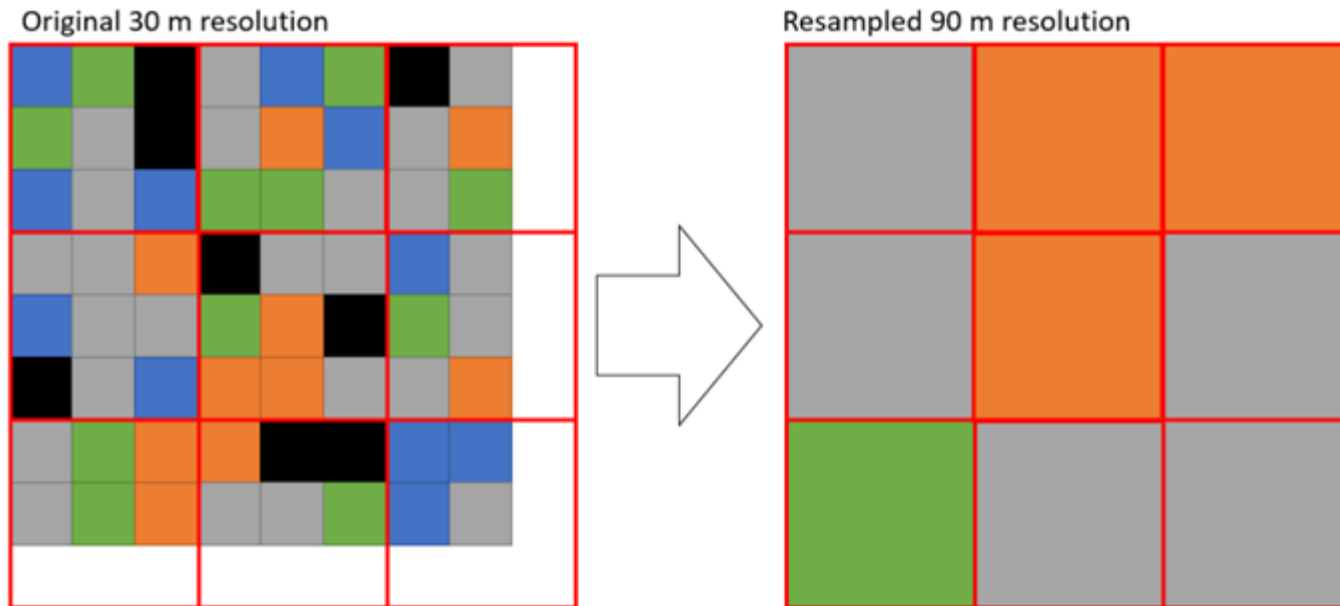
Data Layers / Thematic Data

MOSAIC



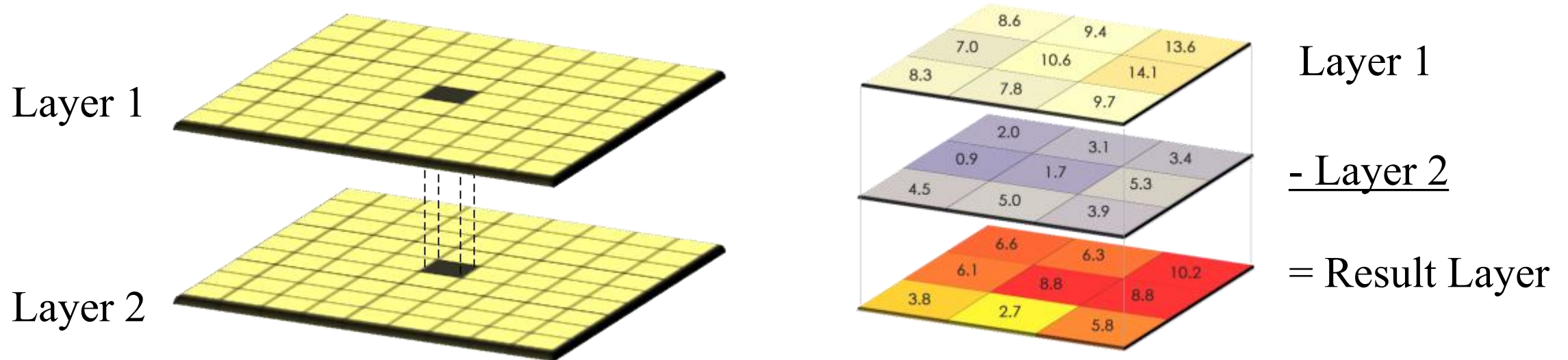
Data Layers / Thematic Data

RESAMPLE



Data Layers / Thematic Data

- Map Algebra/Raster Math



Source: <https://gisgeography.com/map-algebra-global-zonal-focal-local/>

Question: What spatial operations you think will be useful for you?

Questions

Please fill out tutorial evaluation:

<http://rcs.bu.edu/eval>

Email me at:

help@scc.bu.edu